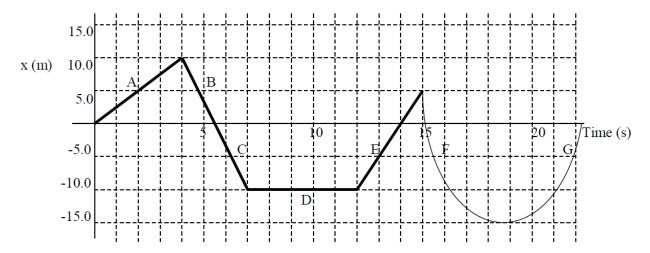
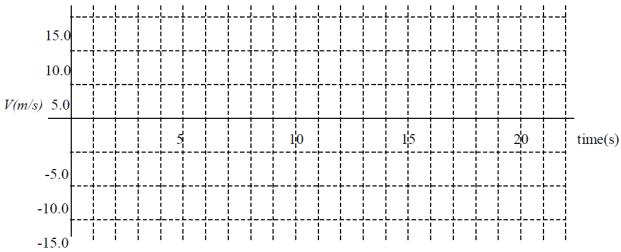
## **Kinematics Practice (Motion Graphs)**

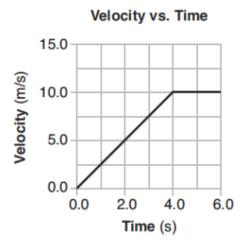
1. Little Joey plays with his remote control car, and generates the motion graph below. The car starts by moving east.



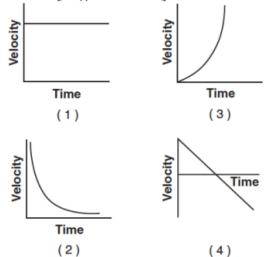
- a. Identify section(s) where the car moves with constant velocity.
- b. Identify section(s) where the car moves west.
- c. Identify section(s) where the car speeds up.
- d. When is the car at rest?
- e. What is the average velocity of the car between 0 and 15 seconds?
- f. What is the average **speed** of the car in the same time interval?
- g. What is the total displacement of the car from 0 to 22 seconds?
- h. Describe the motion of the car in the sections F and G taken together.
- i. Draw a velocity vs. time graph describing the motion of the car from 0-20s.



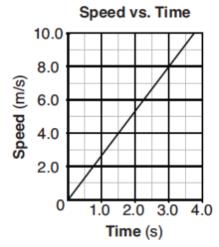
Base your answers to questions 11 and 12 on the graph below, which represents the motion of a car during a 6-second time interval.



- 11. What is the acceleration of the car at t=5.0 seconds?
  - 1. 0.0 m/s<sup>2</sup>
  - 2. 2.0 m/s<sup>2</sup>
  - 3. 2.5 m/s<sup>2</sup>
  - 4. 10 m/s<sup>2</sup>
- 12. What is the total distance traveled by the car during this 6-second interval?
  - 1. 10 m
  - 2. 20 m
  - 3. 40 m
  - 4. 60 m
- 13. Which graph best represents the relationship between the velocity of an object thrown straight upward from Earth's surface and the time that elapses while it is in the air? [Neglect friction.]



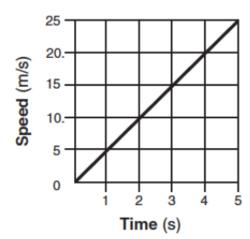
14. The graph below shows the relationship between the speed and elapsed time for an object falling freely from rest near the surface of a planet.



What is the total distance the object falls during the first 3 seconds?

- 1. 12 m
- 2. 24 m
- 3. 44 m
- 4. 72 m
- 15. The graph below represents the relationship between speed and time for an object moving along a straight line.





What is the total distance traveled by the object during the first 4 seconds?

- 1. 5 m
- 2. 20 m
- 3. 40 m
- 4. 80 m